Suicide is a public health problem and leading cause of death in the United States. Suicide can also be prevented – more investment in suicide prevention, education, and research will prevent the untimely deaths of thousands of Americans each year. Unless otherwise noted, this fact sheet reports 2019 data from the CDC, the most current verified data available at time of publication (January 2021).

### Suicide Data: Pennsylvania

#### 11th leading cause of death in Pennsylvania

- **2nd leading**
  - cause of death for ages 10-34
- **4th leading**
  - cause of death for ages 35-54
- **8th leading**
  - cause of death for ages 55-64
- **17th leading**
  - cause of death for ages 65 & older

#### Suicide Death Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of Deaths by Suicide</th>
<th>Rate per 100,000 Population</th>
<th>State Rank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>1,896</td>
<td>14.04</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nationally</td>
<td>47,511</td>
<td>13.93</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See full list of citations at [afsp.org/statistics](https://afsp.org/statistics).

61.6% of communities did not have enough mental health providers to serve residents in 2020, according to federal guidelines.

**Over six times as many people died by suicide in 2019 than in alcohol related motor vehicle accidents.**

The total deaths to suicide reflected a total of 34,849 years of potential life lost (YPLL) before age 65.

62.56% of firearm deaths were suicides.

50.84% of all suicides were by firearms.